

**BIRD FEEDER WITH REMOVABLE
BIRD SEED RESERVOIR**

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Field of the Invention

This invention relates to bird feeders and relates more particularly to the type of bird feeder which comprises a housing with a hopper carried by the housing for receipt of bird food, and a hanger for attaching the housing to a support for the bird feeder, such as a hook, a tree limb, or the like. Commonly, the hopper for bird feeders of this type comprise a cylindrical transparent plastic tube with a multiplicity of feed ports or openings intermediate the top and bottom portions of the tube. Oftentimes, the housing is a wire cage surrounding the hopper to minimize access to the feed port by squirrels and other small animals that tend to frighten off birds, quickly deplete the supply of bird food, and even destroy the hopper to access the bird food.

The wire cage may be provided with a metal base or tray and a metal cap or cover to complete the housing, and a wire loop or the like may be attached to the cover for supporting the bird feeder in use. The cover may be removable to enable access to the hopper for refilling and/or cleaning the same.

Description of the Related Art

Commercially available bird feeders of this type have several disadvantages. First, in order to refill and/or clean the hopper, it is necessary to remove the entire bird feeder from its support. When the hopper has been refilled, the bird feeder may be quite heavy, such that rehanging the

same, particularly from a tree limb or other support with limited access, is burdensome, especially for small adults or children. Further, while the plastic hopper may be removable from the housing for cleaning, this too requires displacing the entire bird feeder. Moreover, removing the hopper from the cage and replacing the same is difficult and time consuming with prior art bird feeders and, in some instances, requires extraneous tools such as screw drivers or the like.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

With the foregoing in mind, it is a primary object of this invention to provide a bird feeder which overcomes the aforementioned disadvantages in a simple and inexpensive manner. More specifically, the instant invention is directed to a bird feeder wherein the hopper is removable from the housing to refill and/or clean the hopper without requiring the hanger to be removed from its support.

A further object of this invention is the provision of a bird feeder wherein the principal portions of the housing, most preferably a wire cage, and its associated cover and hanger, are removably secured to the base, with the hopper carried by the base inside the cage for removal from the cage with the base. In this manner, the hanger carrying the cover and wire cage can remain on its support, with the hopper being removed from the bottom of the wire cage to be refilled apart from the wire cage. Once the hopper has been refilled, it can be slid back into the cage from the bottom, and the base re-attached to the cage to complete the assembly. This avoids the need to disengage the hanger from its support for refilling and/or cleaning of the hopper, and

then re-engaging the same after filling, and also minimizes the height to which the hopper must be lifted after it has been refilled.

Another important object of this invention is to provide a bird feeder of the type described wherein the hopper is removably secured to the base to enable the hopper to be totally separated from all of the housing components for cleaning and/or replacement in the event of 5 damage.

Consistent with the foregoing objects, the instant invention provides a bird feeder wherein the base carrying the hopper is removable from the wire cage without the intervention of extraneous tools and, likewise, the hopper is removable from the base in the same manner. In the 10 preferred embodiments, bayonet connections or the like are provided between the wire cage and the base and between the bottom of the hopper and the base so that separation and reconnection can be easily and quickly effected.

A still further object of this invention is the provision of a unique connection between the base and the wire cage which, once engaged, effectively locks the base to the wire cage under the 15 influence of gravity.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

These and other objects, features and many of the attendant advantages of the invention will be better understood upon a reading of the following detailed description when considered 20 in connection with the accompanying drawings, wherein like parts in each of the several figures are identified by the same reference numerals, and wherein:

Figure 1 is a perspective view of a preferred embodiment of a fully assembled bird feeder according to the instant invention;

Figure 2 is an exploded view, partially broken away for illustrative clarity, showing the manner in which the hopper, carried by the base, is removably secured to the wire cage;

5 Figure 3 is an exploded perspective view of the wire cage and cover therefor, hidden parts being shown in dotted lines;

Figure 4 is a bottom plan view of the cover;

Figure 5 is a side elevational view of the cover;

10 Figure 6 is a perspective view, partially broken away of the lower portions of the wire cage;

Figure 7 is an enlarged detail showing of the portion of the wire cage circled in dotted lines in Figure 6;

Figure 8 is a top plan view of the wire cage;

Figure 9 is a perspective view of the bird feeder hopper carried by the housing base;

15 Figure 10 is an exploded view showing the manner in which the hopper is removably secured to the housing base;

Figure 11 is a prospective view of the hopper itself showing the semicircular caps internally of the feed ports in dotted lines;

Figure 12 is a top plan view of the hopper;

20 Figure 13 is a perspective view of the base of the bird feeder housing;

Figure 14 is a side elevational view of the base;

Figure 15 is a top plan view of the base;

Figure 16 is a transverse cross-sectional view of the base taken along lines 16-16 of Figure 15; and

Figure 17 is an enlarged detail showing of the portion of the base circled in dotted lines in Figure 16, with a fragmentary portion of the hopper being shown in dotted lines as it would be engaged with the base.

Like reference characters refer to like parts throughout the several views of the drawings.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

In describing a preferred embodiment of the invention illustrated in the drawings, specific terminology will be resorted to for the sake of clarity. However, the invention is not intended to be limited to the specific terms so selected, and it is to be understood that each specific term includes all technical equivalents which operate in a similar manner to accomplish a similar purpose.

Referring now to the drawings, a preferred embodiment of a bird feeder according to the instant inventive concepts is designated generally by the reference numeral 20, and comprises basically a housing 25, a hopper 30 carried by the housing for receipt of a quantity of bird food (not shown), and a hanger 26 for attaching the bird feeder to a support schematically shown at 28 in Figure 2, which could be a hook, a branch of a tree, or the like.

The housing 25 can be of any size and shape and can be formed of any desired material, but preferably is an elongated cylindrical cage 32 made up of a series of vertically extending,

horizontally spaced, parallel wire elements 34 interconnected, as by welding or the like, to a series of vertically spaced, horizontally extending, wire hoops 36 to define a multiplicity of apertures 38 therebetween. See, particularly, Figures 1-3 and 6-8. The wire cage 32 is a well known protective housing designed to preclude access to the bird food and damage to the housing by squirrels and other small animals, and, to that end, the wire elements 34, 36 can be coated with any conventional chew and rust resistant coating, if desired.

In addition to the cage 32, the housing 25 includes a cap or cover 40 seen particularly in Figures 3-5, which may be similarly coated with a rust resistant material or the like. The cover 40 includes a downwardly depending peripheral flange 42 fitted about the top portions of the wire cage 32, and preferably fixedly secured thereto as by welding or the like. A raised portion 44 of the cover 40 defines an internal flange 44 to assist in centering the top portion of the hopper 30 in a manner to be discussed in more detail hereinafter.

The hanger 26 can take any conventional form, preferably being a flexible wire loop, the ends 26a, 26b of which are attached to the cover in any conventional manner to enable the hanger to fit over supports of different dimensions such as a hook, a tree branch, or the like as seen at 28 in Figure 2.

Finally, the housing 25 includes a base 50, seen particularly in Figures 1, 2, 9, 10 and 13-17. The base 50 may be coated with a rust resistant material or the like and includes an upstanding peripheral flange 52 adapted to slide over the bottom portions of the wire cage 32 for removable attachment thereto in a manner and for a purpose to be described hereinafter. Spaced inwardly 20 of the peripheral flange 52, an upstanding central portion defining an internal flange 54 which fits

within the lower portions of the hopper 30, and is removably secured thereto in a manner and for a purpose to also be described hereinafter. Spanning the upper edges of the internal flange 54 is an element 56 which underlies the bottom portions of the hopper 30 and forms a floor therefor when the hopper 30 is seated on the base 50. Drain apertures shown illustratively at 58 5 may be provided as necessary in any portion of the base 50 to avoid the retention of water when rain or the spray from a sprinkler enters the bird feeder.

The hopper 30 can also be of any shape or size, and can be formed of any desired material, but is preferably an elongated cylindrical element formed of a transparent polymeric material, such as polypropylene or the like. See Figures 1, 2 and 9-11. The hopper 30 defines an internal cavity 36 for receipt of the bird food, and includes a plurality of spaced feed ports 62 which are aligned with at least some of the apertures 38 in the wire cage 32 to enable birds to access the bird food within the cavity 60 in a well known manner.

Each of the feed ports 62 may include an internally extending semicircular cap 64 adapted to preclude outflow of bird food from the cavity 60 in a well known manner. The caps 64 may be adhesively secured or snappingly engaged in the feed ports 62 as independent elements as is common in the prior art, or alternatively and preferably, may be integrally formed in the hopper 30 as described in co-pending, commonly assigned, application Serial No. _____ filed simultaneously herewith and entitled "Method of Making a Tubular Element and Product, Particularly Bird Feeder Hopper, Produced Thereby" (Attorney Docket 6208/P67598US0), the 15 subject matter of which is incorporated herein in its entirety by reference.

The hopper 30 is preferably open at both the bottom and the top, the bottom portions

being slid over the internal flange 52 of the base 50 to provide the hopper 30 with a floor 56, with

the upper portions of the hopper 30 being centered in the housing by the internal flange 44 of the

cover 40. Although the hopper 30 can be permanently affixed to the base 50 within the broader

5 concepts of this invention, it is preferably removably affixed thereto so that the hopper 30 can

be totally removed from the housing 25 to facilitate cleaning. To effect that result, a plurality of

pins 65 extend outwardly from the upper portions of the internal flange 54 in the base 50 at

radially spaced locations, three such pins being shown as illustrative. A complementary number

of slots 66 are defined in the bottom portions of the hopper 30 to removably connect the hopper

10 to the base by slidably engaging the slots 66 over the pins 65. Preferably, the slots 66 are inverted

L-shaped slots, each of which has a first part 66a extending upwardly from a lower edge of the

hopper 30, and a second part 66b laterally offset from the upper end of the first part 66a, whereby

the first part 66a of the slots 66 can be slid downwardly over the pins 65 in the direction of the

arrow A seen in Figure 10, and then the hopper 30 can be twisted relative to the base 50 in the

15 direction of the arrow B to engage the pins 65 in the second parts 66b of the slots 66 to preclude

accidental disengagement of the hopper 30 from the base 50. Obviously, disengagement of the

hopper 30 from the base 50 for cleaning and the like can be effected by reversing the foregoing

process, that is, rotating the hopper in the direction opposite to the arrow B to move the pins 65

20 along the lateral portions 66b of the slots 66, and then lifting the hopper 30 in the direction

opposite to the arrow A to withdraw the pins 65 free of the first parts 66a of the slots 66, and thus

to totally separate the hopper 30 from the base 50.

If desired, further flange elements 68 may be spaced from the internal flange 54 of the base 50 on opposite sides of the pins 65 to better secure and position the lower portions of the hopper 30 on the base 50.

Once the hopper 30 has been attached to the base 50, the internal cavity 60 can be filled 5 with bird food through the open top. The assembly can then be connected to the remainder of the housing 25 by inserting the hopper 30 into the wire cage 32 from below and connecting the base 50 to the lower portions of the wire cage 32. This can be done even if the hanger 26 is still attached to the support 28.

10 To removably connect the wire cage 32 to the base 50, the lower portions of the wire cage are provided with a plurality of radially spaced outstanding fingers 70, three such fingers being shown as illustrative. If desired, the fingers 70 can each be provided with an enlarged knob 70a at its end. Each of the fingers 70 can be formed as extensions of an arcuate wire 70b welded or otherwise attached to the lower edges of the wire cage 32. See Figure 7.

15 Complementary grooves 72 are provided in the peripheral flange 52 of the base 50 to removably secure the cage 32 to the base 50 by slidingly engaging the fingers 70 in the grooves 72. Preferably, the grooves 72 each include a first part 72a extending downwardly at an angle from the upper edge of the peripheral flange 52, and a second part 72b extending upwardly from the end of the first part 72a. In this manner, the fingers 70 can be slid downwardly along the angular first parts 72a of the grooves 72 in the direction of the arrow C seen in Figure 2 as the cage 32 is 20 rotated in the direction of the arrow D, and then will slide upwardly into the second parts 72b

of the grooves 70 in the direction of the arrow E under the influence of gravity, pulling the base 50 downwardly in the direction of the arrow F.

The use and operation of the bird feeder of this invention will now be clear to those with ordinary skill in the art. With the hopper full and the elements fully assembled, the bird feeder 5 20 can be hung on any support element 28 by the hanger 26 in a conventional manner. Birds can access food within the internal cavity 60 of the hopper 30 through the apertures 38 of the cage 32 and the feed ports 62 of the hopper 30. The transparent nature of the hopper 30 enables visual 10 15 recognition that the hopper needs refilling. At that time, the base 50 carrying the hopper 30 can be lifted relative to the cage 32 in the direction of the arrow E to move the pins 70 downwardly along the parts 72b of the grooves 72, and the base 50 can then be rotated in a direction opposite to the arrow D to slide the pins 70 along the parts 72a of the grooves 72 so that the base 50 with the hopper 30 carried thereby can be withdrawn downwardly in the direction of the arrow F to separate the same from the cage 32 without removing the cage 32, cover 40 and hanger 26 from the support 28.

15 If desired, the hopper 30 can be removed from the base 50 to facilitate cleaning of the hopper 30 or the like by rotating the base 50 in the direction of the arrow B in Figure 10 to slide the pins 65 along the lateral portions 66b of the slots 66, with the base 50 then lowered in the direction of the arrow A to permit the pins 65 to slide downwardly along the parts 66a of the slots 66 to free these elements from each other.

20 With these parts re-assembled, the internal cavity 60 of the hopper 30 can then be filled from above, and the hopper slid upwardly into the wire cage to re-engage the fingers 70 in the

grooves 72 as described above, with the fingers 70 sliding upwardly into the parts 72b of the grooves 72 under the weight of the assembly of the base 50 and hopper 30 to secure the base 50 to the cage 32.

As suggested above, the materials from which the individual elements are fabricated can vary, as can the size and shape of the elements to accommodate particular applications of the bird feeder of this invention. While the mechanisms for attaching the hopper 30 to the base 50 and the base 50 to the wire cage 32 illustrated herein are preferred, other techniques for interengaging these elements will be obvious to those with ordinary skill in the art.

The foregoing descriptions and drawings should be considered as illustrative only of the principles of the invention. Numerous applications of the present invention will readily occur to those skilled in the art. Therefore, it is not desired to limit the invention to the preferred embodiments or the exact construction and operation shown and described. Rather, all suitable modifications and equivalents may be resorted to, falling within the scope of the invention.